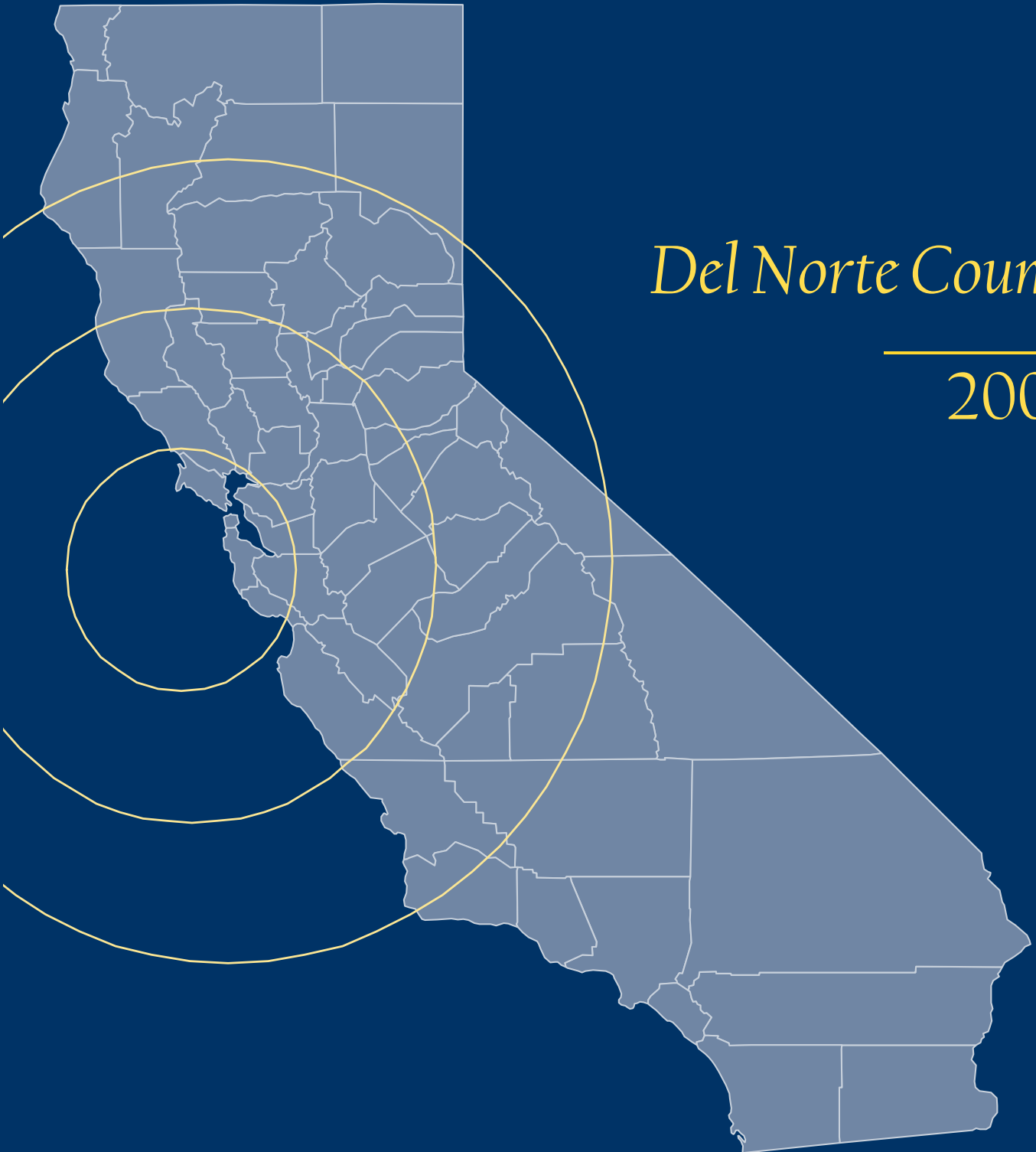


Indicators of Alcohol and Other Drug Risk and Consequences for California Counties

Del Norte County

2007



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Del Norte County

2007

Key Indicators of Community Alcohol and Drug Use

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Introduction

In the mid-1990s, the California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs, in collaboration with the Center for Applied Research Solutions (CARS), Inc. began to work toward improving the state's prevention information system. A key component of this information system was the continuous collection, monitoring and reporting of selected community-level indicators that would serve as direct and indirect measures of alcohol and other drug use prevalence and related problems. This information system was designed to assist with state and local prevention planning and policy-making by providing useful, systematic data about prevention and treatment needs and outcomes throughout the state.

The present report is the most recent product of this ongoing effort. It differs from earlier versions in a few important ways. First, while previous reports typically summarized data for more than twenty-five indicators of health and social conditions that are theoretically linked to problem substance use, the current version is more streamlined, focusing on eight key indicators of AOD use and abuse prevalence and their direct consequences, including impacts on the criminal justice, health and alcohol and drug treatment systems. Second, the 2007 report updates information contained in earlier versions, but expands in its depth to summarize data for populations within the larger county, including age, gender, and race/ethnicity sub-groups. This expanded detail allows for more precise analyses of alcohol and drug use problems within a county population and enhances the ability to effectively target prevention and intervention strategies to community needs. Similar to previous reports, the 2007 version includes simple analytic tools to help users interpret the information presented. This includes use of population-based rates (e.g., the number of incidents relative to the total population) to make meaningful comparisons between geographic areas that differ in population size, or comparisons between differing time points. Data is presented at both the county and state level to allow county rates to be evaluated against a relative average

The overall intent of the report is to provide a simple, easy-to-use resource that helps synthesize and interpret the most relevant indicator data currently available to assess substance use problems, in an effort to optimize prevention planning and outcome measurement efforts in communities through the state. Specifically, it is designed to support the work of planners, policy-makers, and practitioners in the field in:

- Determining the incidence of alcohol and other drug use problems within county populations and sub-populations;
- Monitoring trends in problem incidence to identify emergent issues and detect changes in status over time;
- Establishing program resource levels that are appropriate to address the nature and extent of prevention and treatment needs; and,
- Documenting progress toward achieving targeted prevention objectives and outcomes.

The report contains information on several key indicators of alcohol and drug prevalence and consequences for California populations in each of the following six areas:

- Household prevalence of problem alcohol use and use of illicit drugs;
- Admissions to publicly-funded alcohol and drug treatment facilities;
- Arrests for alcohol and drug-related criminal offenses;
- Motor vehicle accidents involving drivers who had been drinking;
- Hospitalizations for alcohol and drug-related conditions; and,
- Mortality attributable to acute and chronic alcohol and drug use.

Each report contains data compiled from several sources, including a statewide, longitudinal survey of California household populations, and state data systems housing public archival records from four central agencies, including the California Department of Justice, the California Highway Patrol, the California Department of Health Services, and the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD). This reliance on statewide data sources ensures that the information reported is drawn from reliable and valid measures that are routinely and uniformly collected across jurisdictions (i.e., all counties use the same data collection), allowing for comparisons over time, across counties, and between counties and the state.

Key Indicators of Community Alcohol and Drug Use • Del Norte County

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	Three Year Average	Ranking
INDICATOR 1 Past Month Alcohol Use Percentage of Total Respondents	• • •	69,000 111,000 62.7%	• • •	70,000 113,000 16.7%	• • •	70,000 ¹ 113,000 16.7%	+
INDICATOR 2 Past Month Binge Drinking Percentage of Total Respondents	• • •	22,000 108,000 20.1%	• • •	19,000 113,000 16.7%	• • •	19,000 ¹ 113,000 16.7%	+
INDICATOR 3 Admissions to Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment Rate per 1000 Population 10-69	96 21,798 440.4	116 22,039 526.3	134 22,405 598.1	227 22,789 996.1	253 23,530 1075.2	205 22,908 893.4	+
INDICATOR 4 Arrests for Drug-Related Offenses Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69	172 21,798 789.1	174 22,039 789.5	222 22,405 990.9	197 22,789 864.5	264 23,530 1122.0	228 22,908 993.8	+
INDICATOR 5 Arrests for Alcohol-Related Offenses Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69	807 21,798 3702.2	706 22,039 3203.4	771 22,405 3441.2	728 22,789 3194.5	884 23,530 3756.9	794 22,908 3467.5	+
INDICATOR 6 Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accident Fatalities Rate per 100,000 Population	2 27,680 7.2	1 27,768 3.6	5 28,085 17.8	3 28,393 10.6	** ** **	3 28,082 10.7	+
INDICATOR 7 Alcohol and Drug Use Hospitalizations Rate per 100,000 Population	22 27,680 79.5	28 27,768 100.8	** 28,085 **	60 28,393 211.3	** ** **	44 28,081 156.7	+
INDICATOR 8 Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use Rate per 100,000 Population	11 27,680 38.6	20 27,768 68.9	14 28,085 47.4	11 28,393 37.5	** ** **	15 28,082 51.3	+

** Data not available for most current reporting year. + County comparative rankings not yet calculated. ¹ 2003 prevalence rate; no three- year average calculated.

Prevalence of Alcohol Use

Key Findings

- In 2003 roughly 62 percent of adults 18 years and older drank alcohol over the past month, and 17 percent binge drank. Both the prevalence of past month alcohol use and binge drinking rates were slightly higher than the California state average in 2003. Rates decreased slightly from 2001 levels.
- Roughly 68 percent of males reported past month alcohol use and about 56 percent of females reported past month alcohol use in 2003. The binge drinking rate for males dropped from 30.2 percent in 2001 to 24.1 percent in 2003. The rate for females dropped slightly during this time period from 11.1 percent to 9.9 percent.
- Rates of alcohol use and binge drinking fell for the younger age brackets between 2001 and 2003. In 2001 almost 79 percent of individuals in the 18 to 24 age bracket reported past month alcohol use compared to a rate of 68.1 percent in 2003. Binge drinking rates for this age bracket fell from 52.7 percent in 2001 to 33.8 percent in 2003.
- The estimated number of adolescents under age 18 who reported past month drinking fell slightly between 2001 and 2003 from a rate of 7.5 percent to 6.7 percent.



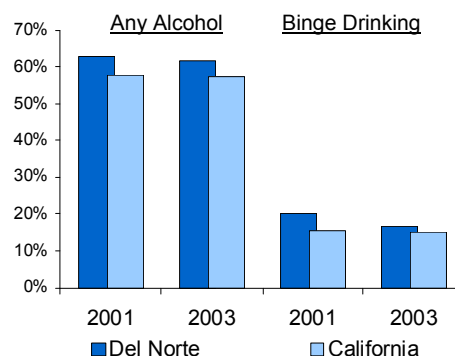
Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use

The number and percent of persons in the population who reported any use of alcohol and number of persons who reported any binge drinking in the past thirty days.

Table/Figure 1.1

Estimated Number and Percent of Persons 18 Years and Over in Humboldt and Del Norte Counties Who Reported Any Use of Alcohol or Any Binge Drinking in the Past Thirty Days with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
	2001	2003	2001	2003
Estimated Number *	69,000	70,000	22,000	19,000
Estimated Population 18 and over	111,000	113,000	108,000	113,000
Percent of Total Population	62.7%	61.6%	20.1%	16.7%
CALIFORNIA Estimated Percent	57.9%	57.4%	15.4%	15.1%

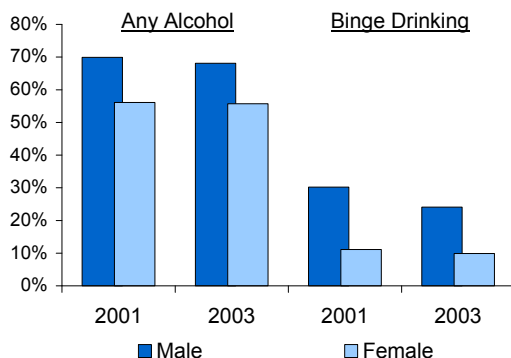


* Estimates rounded to the nearest thousand.

Table/Figure 1.2

Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in Humboldt and Del Norte Counties by Gender

		Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
		2001	2003	2001	2003
Male	Estimated Number	37,000	37,000	15,000	13,000
	Estimated Population	53,000	54,000	51,000	54,000
	Percent of Population	69.9%	68.1%	30.2%	24.1%
Female	Estimated Number	32,000	33,000	6,000	6,000
	Estimated Population	57,000	59,000	57,000	59,000
	Percent of Population	56.1%	55.7%	11.1%	9.9%



Healthy People 2010
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

Objectives 26-10a

Increase the proportion of adolescents not using any alcohol or illicit drugs in the past thirty days.

...

Objectives 26-11c

Decrease the proportion of adults engaging in binge drinking of alcoholic beverages during the past month.

Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.3
Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in Humboldt and Del Norte Counties by Race/Ethnicity

		Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
		2001	2003	2001	2003
American Indian	Estimated Number	3,000	2,000	1,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	7,000	6,000	7,000	6,000
	Percent of Population	46.8%	38.9%	12.9%	8.9%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Estimated Number	-	2,000	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	2,000	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	67.5%	-	-
Black	Estimated Number	-	-	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-	-	-
Hispanic	Estimated Number	3,000	3,000	2,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	5,000	6,000	5,000	6,000
	Percent of Population	63.1%	49.9%	33.0%	8.5%
White	Estimated Number	61,000	60,000	19,000	16,000
	Estimated Population	95,000	95,000	93,000	95,000
	Percent of Population	64.3%	63.3%	20.2%	17.1%
Other	Estimated Number	1,000	2,000	1,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
	Percent of Population	56.0%	87.9%	24.1%	62.7%

- Estimate not reported due to small sample size.

Figure 1.3
Past Month Alcohol Use by Race/Ethnicity

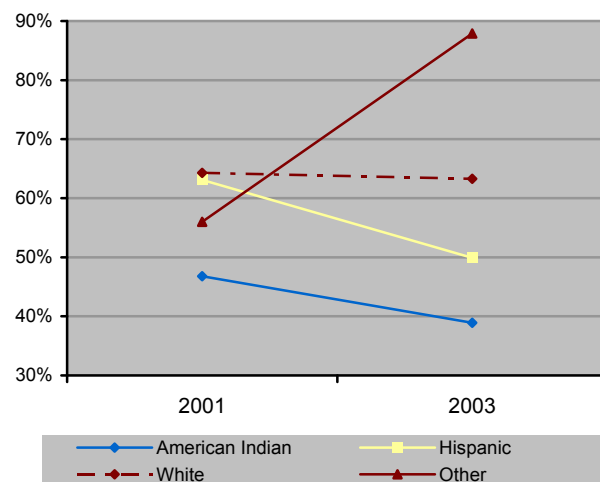
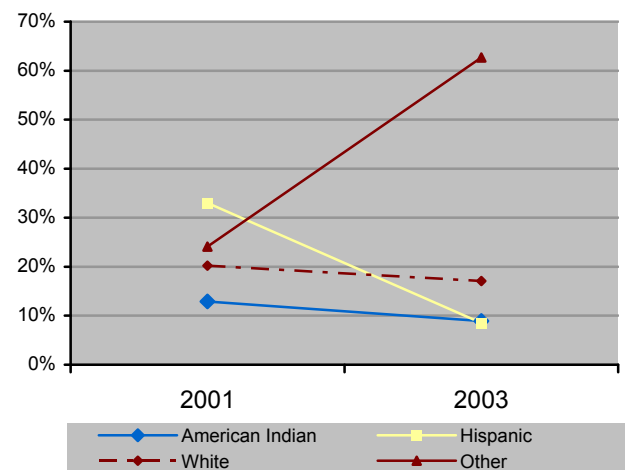


Figure 1.4
Past Month Binge Drinking by Race/Ethnicity



Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.4

Estimated Number of Persons Reporting Any Alcohol Use or Any Binge Drinking in Humboldt and Del Norte Counties by Age

		Any Alcohol Use		Binge Drinking	
		2001	2003	2001	2003
18 to 24	Estimated Number	13,000	11,000	8,000	5,000
	Estimated Population	17,000	16,000	16,000	16,000
	Percent of Population	78.7%	68.1%	52.7%	33.8%
25 to 34	Estimated Number	13,000	13,000	4,000	4,000
	Estimated Population	18,000	20,000	16,000	20,000
	Percent of Population	71.1%	63.8%	25.4%	19.6%
35 to 44	Estimated Number	13,000	14,000	3,000	5,000
	Estimated Population	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
	Percent of Population	66.0%	66.6%	15.8%	25.3%
45 to 54	Estimated Number	13,000	16,000	3,000	3,000
	Estimated Population	23,000	25,000	23,000	25,000
	Percent of Population	55.6%	64.1%	12.1%	10.8%
55 to 64	Estimated Number	8,000	8,000	2,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000
	Percent of Population	59.7%	61.9%	15.3%	8.1%
65 and Over	Estimated Number	9,000	8,000	1,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000
	Percent of Population	47.5%	44.3%	5.4%	3.5%

Figure 1.5
Past Month Alcohol Use by Age Category

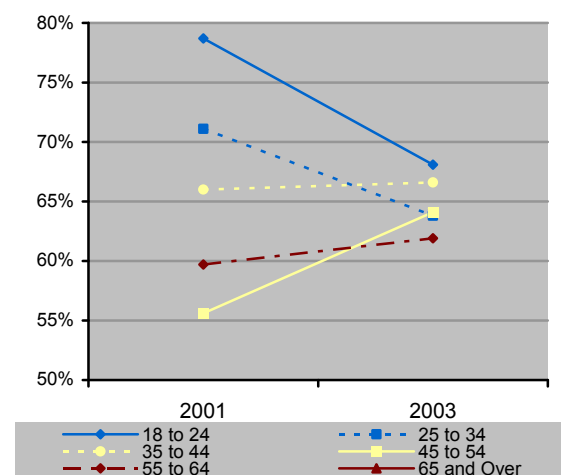
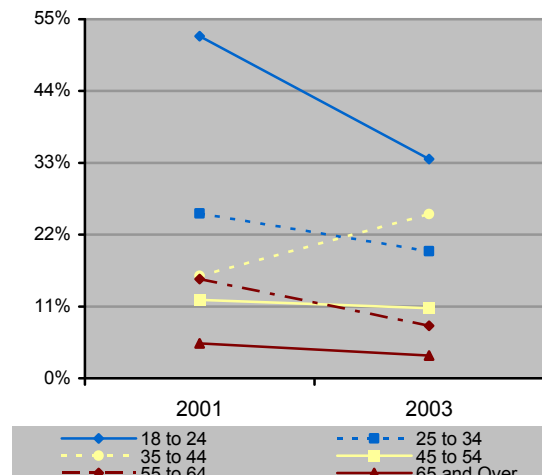


Figure 1.6
Past Month Binge Drinking by Age Category



Indicators 1 & 2: Prevalence of Past Month Alcohol Use (Continued)

Table 1.5
Estimated Number of Adolescents Under Age 18 Reporting Past Month Binge Drinking in Humboldt and Del Norte Counties

		2001	2003
CALIFORNIA	Estimated Number	200,000	205,000
	Estimated Population	3,040,000	3,260,000
	Percent of Population	6.6%	6.3%
Humboldt County	Estimated Number	1,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	13,000	12,000
	Percent of Population	7.5%	6.7%
Male	Estimated Number	1,000	-
	Estimated Population	7,000	-
	Percent of Population	8.2%	-
Female	Estimated Number	-	1,000
	Estimated Population	-	5,000
	Percent of Population	-	9.3%
American Indian	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
Asian/Pacific Islander	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
Black	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
Hispanic	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-
White	Estimated Number	1,000	1,000
	Estimated Population	11,000	9,000
	Percent of Population	8.1%	8.9%
Other	Estimated Number	-	-
	Estimated Population	-	-
	Percent of Population	-	-

Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

Key Findings

- The number of admissions to alcohol and drug treatment increased from 96 admissions in 2000 to 253 admissions in 2004. The rate of admissions in 2004 was 1075 admissions per 100,000 persons, higher than the statewide average of 802 admissions per 100,000 persons.
- Admissions for methamphetamine use accounted for 45 percent of admissions to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004. Alcohol use accounted for 25 percent of admissions in 2004, a decrease from 37 percent of admissions in 2000. Marijuana use accounted for 23 percent of admissions in 2004, an increase from 14 percent of admissions in 2000.
- Young adults between 18 and 24 years accounted for 29 percent of admissions to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004 at a rate of 2137 admissions per 100,000 persons, the highest rate of admission by age bracket. Both the proportion and rate of admission decreased with older age brackets. Youth between 10 and 17 years accounted for roughly eight percent of admissions in 2004.
- Whites accounted for about 78 percent of admissions to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004. Hispanics and American Indians each accounted for about 10 percent of admissions in 2004.
- Males accounted for about 48 percent of admissions to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004.
- Roughly 87 percent of individuals admitted to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004 had initiated substance use prior to the age of 21, and 78 percent had initiated prior to the age of 18.
- In 2004 about 23 percent of individuals admitted to alcohol and drug treatment were IV drug users.
- Of the 132 females admitted to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004, 4.5 percent were pregnant.
- Of the 20 admissions to alcohol and drug treatment in 2004 for youth between 10 and 17, 60 percent were admitted for marijuana use, 20 percent for methamphetamine use, and 15 percent for alcohol use. About three-fourths of youth admitted to alcohol and drug treatment were male, and 80 percent were White.



Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

The number of admissions to publicly funded alcohol and other drug treatment facilities in California and rate of admission per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 3.1

Number of Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Treatment Admissions	96	116	134	227	253
Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
Rate per 100,000	440.4	526.3	598.1	996.1	1075.2
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	842.3	915.6	908.4	862.1	801.7

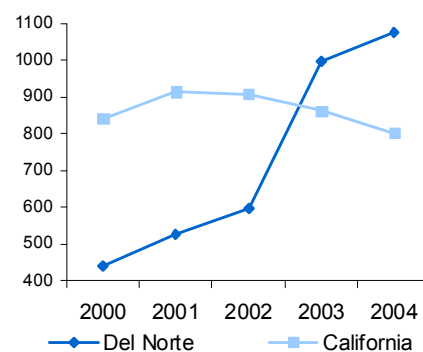


Table 3.2

AOD Treatment Admissions by Primary Drug Type, Percent of Total Admissions, and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS	96	116	134	227	253
Methamphetamines	41 42.7% 188.1	45 38.8% 204.2	54 40.3% 241.0	98 43.2% 430.0	113 44.7% 480.2
Alcohol	35 36.5% 160.6	44 37.9% 199.6	39 29.1% 174.1	57 25.1% 250.1	62 24.5% 263.5
Marijuana	13 13.5% 59.6	14 12.1% 63.5	29 21.6% 129.4	52 22.9% 228.2	57 22.5% 242.2
Heroin	0 0.0% 0.0	4 3.4% 18.1	5 3.7% 22.3	9 4.0% 39.5	5 2.0% 21.2
Crack/Cocaine	3 3.1% 13.8	6 5.2% 27.2	2 1.5% 8.9	0 0.0% 0.0	0 0.0% 0.0
Other Drugs	4 4.2% 18.4	3 2.6% 13.6	5 3.7% 22.3	11 4.8% 48.3	16 6.3% 68.0

Figure 3.2

2000 Admissions by Primary Drug Type

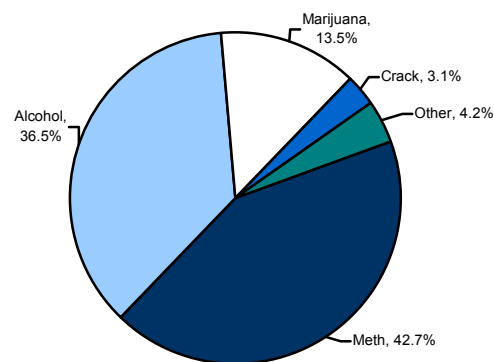
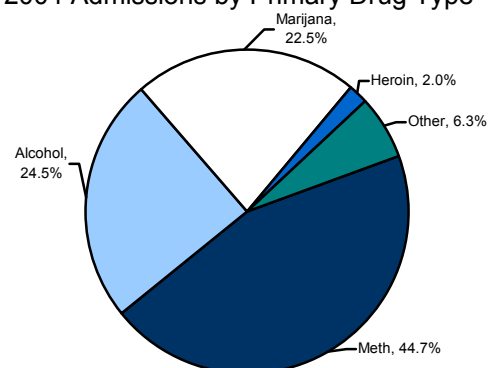


Figure 3.3

2004 Admissions by Primary Drug Type



Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.3
Treatment Admissions by Client Age and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		96	116	134	227	253
10-17 Years	Number	1	1	0	17	20
	Population	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Rate per 100,000	28.5	28.7	0.0	499.1	584.3
	Percent of Total	1.0%	0.9%	0.0%	7.5%	7.9%
18-24 Years	Number	22	25	42	67	73
	Population	2,266	2,516	2,804	3,090	3,416
	Rate per 100,000	970.9	993.6	1497.9	2168.3	2137.0
	Percent of Total	22.9%	21.6%	31.3%	29.5%	28.9%
25-34 Years	Number	35	40	37	72	73
	Population	3,951	3,876	3,856	3,834	3,913
	Rate per 100,000	885.9	1032.0	959.5	1877.9	1865.6
	Percent of Total	36.5%	34.5%	27.6%	31.7%	28.9%
35-44 Years	Number	35	39	39	47	60
	Population	4,871	4,752	4,652	4,558	4,528
	Rate per 100,000	718.5	820.7	838.3	1031.2	1325.1
	Percent of Total	36.5%	33.6%	29.1%	20.7%	23.7%
45-54 Years	Number	3	6	13	21	23
	Population	3,821	3,964	4,049	4,164	4,315
	Rate per 100,000	78.5	151.4	321.1	504.3	533.0
	Percent of Total	3.1%	5.2%	9.7%	9.3%	9.1%
55-64 Years	Number	0	5	2	3	4
	Population	2,413	2,514	2,672	2,796	2,936
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	198.9	74.9	107.3	136.2
	Percent of Total	0.0%	4.3%	1.5%	1.3%	1.6%
65+ Years	Number	0	0	1	0	0
	Population	3,466	3,435	3,477	3,519	3,578
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	28.8	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.4
Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment by Client Race/Ethnicity and Rate per 100,000

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		96	116	134	227	253
American Indian	Number	10	12	15	16	24
	Population	1,233	1,259	1,311	1,362	1,487
	Rate per 100,000	811.0	953.1	1144.2	1174.7	1614.0
	Percent of Total	10.4%	10.3%	11.2%	7.0%	9.5%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	4	0	1	3	1
	Population	515	526	544	560	576
	Rate per 100,000	776.7	0.0	183.8	535.7	173.6
	Percent of Total	4.2%	0.0%	0.7%	1.3%	0.4%
Black	Number	0	2	0	2	7
	Population	1,170	1,171	1,174	1,179	1,210
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	170.8	0.0	169.6	578.5
	Percent of Total	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%	0.9%	2.8%
Hispanic	Number	3	3	10	27	24
	Population	3,220	3,322	3,440	3,568	3,761
	Rate per 100,000	93.2	90.3	290.7	756.7	638.1
	Percent of Total	3.1%	2.6%	7.5%	11.9%	9.5%
White	Number	79	99	107	179	197
	Population	15,045	15,156	15,340	15,535	15,905
	Rate per 100,000	525.1	653.2	697.5	1152.2	1238.6
	Percent of Total	82.3%	85.3%	79.9%	78.9%	77.9%
Other	Number	0	0	1	0	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Figure 3.4
Del Norte County
Treatment
Admission Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Primary Drug
Type

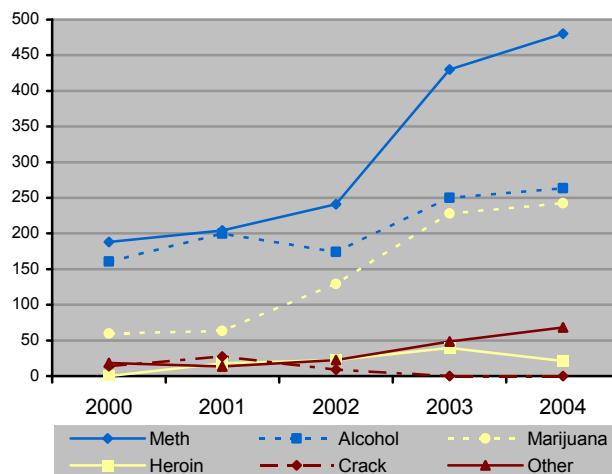


Figure 3.5
Del Norte County
Treatment
Admission Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Age

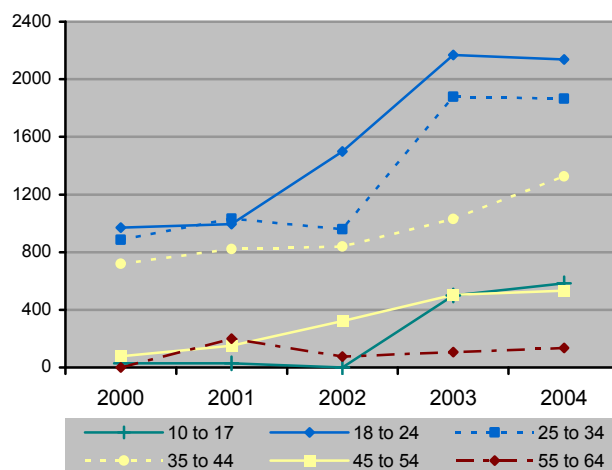
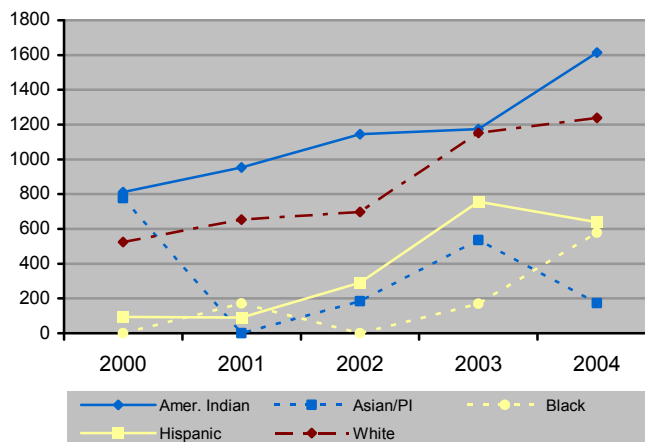


Figure 3.6
Del Norte County
Treatment
Admission Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Race/
Ethnicity



Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.5
Characteristics of Clients Admitted to Alcohol and Drug Treatment

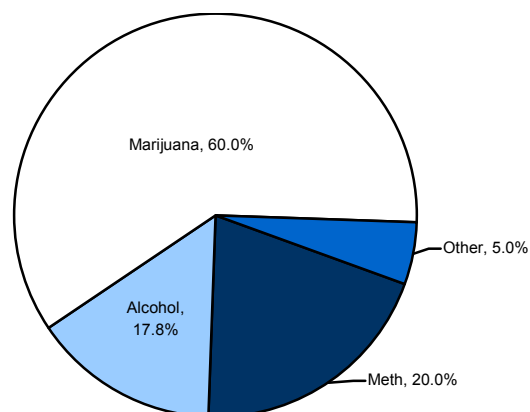
		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004	
TOTAL COUNTY ADMISSIONS		96	100.0%	116	100.0%	134	100.0%	227	100.0%	253	100.0%
Gender	Male	46	47.9%	52	44.8%	76	56.7%	126	55.5%	121	47.8%
	Female	50	52.1%	64	55.2%	58	43.3%	101	44.5%	132	52.2%
Age Initiated Substance Use	Under 10	6	6.3%	13	11.2%	10	7.5%	16	7.0%	13	5.1%
	11 to 12	10	10.4%	12	10.3%	14	10.4%	15	6.6%	25	9.9%
	13 to 14	24	25.0%	17	14.7%	29	21.6%	46	20.3%	51	20.2%
	15 to 17	22	22.9%	30	25.9%	36	26.9%	77	33.9%	73	28.9%
	18 to 20	13	13.5%	15	12.9%	26	19.4%	31	13.7%	48	19.0%
	21 and over	19	19.8%	22	19.0%	16	11.9%	35	15.4%	33	13.0%
IV Drug Users	Yes	20	20.8%	39	33.6%	35	26.1%	61	26.9%	58	22.9%
	No	76	79.2%	77	66.4%	99	73.9%	166	73.1%	195	77.1%
Pregnant	Yes	3	6.0%	5	7.8%	2	3.4%	6	5.9%	6	4.5%

Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.6
AOD Treatment Admissions by Primary Drug Type, Percent of Total
Admissions, and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS		1	1	0	17	20
Methamphetamines	Number	0	1	0	0	4
	Population 10-17	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Percent of Total	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	28.7	0.0	0.0	116.9
Alcohol	Number	0	0	0	5	3
	Population 10-17	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	29.4%	15.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	146.8	87.6
Marijuana	Number	1	0	0	12	12
	Population 10-17	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Percent of Total	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	70.6%	60.0%
	Rate per 100,000	28.5	0.0	0.0	352.3	350.6
Heroin	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Crack/Cocaine	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Drugs	Number	0	0	0	0	1
	Population 10-17	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.2

Figure 3.7
2004 Admissions by Primary Drug Type
Among Youth Under 18 Years



Indicator 3: Admissions to Alcohol and Drug Treatment (Continued)

Table 3.7

AOD Treatment Admissions among Youth Under Age 18 by Client Race/Ethnicity, Rate per 100,000 Population 10 to 17, and Percent of Total Admissions

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
TOTAL ADMISSIONS UNDER 18 YEARS		1	1	0	17	20
Male	Number	1	1	0	15	15
	Population 10-17	1,832	1,816	1,787	1,760	1,752
	Rate per 100,000	54.6	55.1	0.0	852.3	856.2
	Percent of Total	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	88.2%	75.0%
Female	Number	0	0	0	2	5
	Population 10-17	1,676	1,670	1,671	1,646	1,671
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	121.5	299.2
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.8%	25.0%
American Indian	Number	0	0	0	4	3
	Population 10-17	291	285	310	309	313
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	1294.5	958.5
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	23.5%	15.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	164	165	164	160	160
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Black	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	11	11	12	16	35
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	0	0	0	3	1
	Population 10-17	449	457	459	464	483
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	646.6	207.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	17.6%	5.0%
White	Number	1	1	0	10	16
	Population 10-17	2,419	2,396	2,351	2,310	2,298
	Rate per 100,000	41.3	41.7	0.0	432.9	696.3
	Percent of Total	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	58.8%	80.0%
Other	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Alcohol and Drug-Related Crime

Key Findings

- The number of arrests for drug-related crime increased from 172 arrests in 2000 to 264 arrests in 2004. The rate of arrest in 2004 was 1122 arrests per 100,000 persons, higher than the statewide average of 1023 arrests per 100,000 persons.
- Arrests for dangerous drugs accounted for 39 percent of drug-related arrests in 2004. About 25 percent of arrests were for marijuana offenses, and seven percent for narcotics. The remaining 28 percent of arrests were for other drug violations.
- Whites accounted for 73 percent of drug-related arrests in 2004, Hispanics about 12 percent, and American Indians about 11 percent.
- Young adults between 18 and 24 years accounted for 35 percent of drug-related arrests in 2004 at a rate of 2664 arrests per 100,000 persons, the highest rate by age category. The proportion and rate of arrest declined with older age groups. Youth between 10 and 17 years accounted for about nine percent of drug-related arrests in 2004.
- Males accounted for 18 of the 24 drug-related arrests in 2004 for youth between 10 and 17 years. Whites accounted for 88 percent of arrests, and American Indians accounted for about eight percent of arrests.
- The number of alcohol-related arrests increased from 807 arrests in 2000 to 884 arrests in 2004. The rate of arrest in 2004 was 3757 arrests per 100,000 persons, significantly higher than the statewide average of 1087 arrests per 100,000 persons.
- Of the 884 alcohol-related arrests in 2004, 43 percent were for driving under the influence and 56 percent for drunkenness. Less than one percent of arrests were for liquor law violations.
- Whites accounted for 79 percent of alcohol-related arrests in 2004, and American Indians accounted for 14 percent of arrests.
- Individuals between 35 and 44 years accounted for 31 percent of alcohol-related arrests in 2004 at a rate of 6007 arrests per 100,000 persons, the highest rate by age bracket. Youth between 10 and 17 years accounted for 5.5 percent of alcohol-related arrests in 2004.
- Of the 49 alcohol-related arrests in 2004 for youth between 10 and 17 years, 65 percent were male. About three-fourths were White, and 20 percent were American Indian.



Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime

The number of felony and misdemeanor arrests for drug crimes, including dangerous drugs, narcotics, marijuana, and other drug violations and rate per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 4.1

Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Drug Offenses and Rate per 100,000 Population 10 to 69 Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Drug Arrests	172	174	222	197	264
Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
Rate per 100,000	789.1	789.5	990.9	864.5	1122.0
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	961.8	930.4	939.7	985.7	1023.4

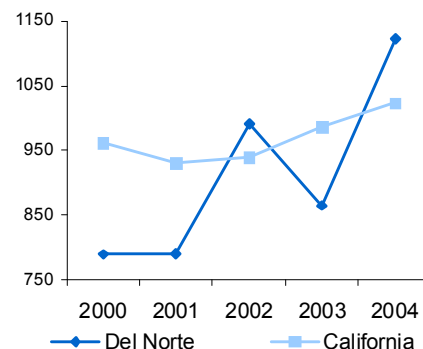


Table 4.2

Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Drug Offenses by Specific Offense and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS		172	174	222	197	264
Dangerous Drugs	Number	64	84	93	87	104
	Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
	Rate per 100,000	293.6	381.1	415.1	381.8	442.0
	Percent of Total	37.2%	48.3%	41.9%	44.2%	39.4%
Narcotics	Number	4	7	7	1	19
	Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
	Rate per 100,000	18.4	31.8	31.2	4.4	80.7
	Percent of Total	2.3%	4.0%	3.2%	0.5%	7.2%
Marijuana	Number	62	44	54	55	67
	Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
	Rate per 100,000	284.4	199.6	241.0	241.3	284.7
	Percent of Total	36.0%	25.3%	24.3%	27.9%	25.4%
Other Drug Violations	Number	42	39	68	54	74
	Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
	Rate per 100,000	192.7	177.0	303.5	237.0	314.5
	Percent of Total	24.4%	22.4%	30.6%	27.4%	28.0%

Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 4.3

Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses
by Race/Ethnicity of Offender and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS		172	174	222	197	264
American Indian	Number	22	14	19	21	30
	Population	1,233	1,259	1,311	1,362	1,487
	Rate per 100,000	1784.3	1112.0	1449.3	1541.9	2017.5
	Percent of Total	12.8%	8.0%	8.6%	10.7%	11.4%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	1	0	0	0	2
	Population	515	526	544	560	576
	Rate per 100,000	194.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	347.2
	Percent of Total	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%
Black	Number	1	0	0	5	8
	Population	1,170	1,171	1,174	1,179	1,210
	Rate per 100,000	85.5	0.0	0.0	424.1	661.2
	Percent of Total	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%	3.0%
Hispanic	Number	12	11	22	6	31
	Population	3,220	3,322	3,440	3,568	3,761
	Rate per 100,000	372.7	331.1	639.5	168.2	824.2
	Percent of Total	7.0%	6.3%	9.9%	3.0%	11.7%
White	Number	135	148	180	162	192
	Population	15,045	15,156	15,340	15,535	15,905
	Rate per 100,000	897.3	976.5	1173.4	1042.8	1207.2
	Percent of Total	78.5%	85.1%	81.1%	82.2%	72.7%
Other	Number	1	1	1	3	1
	Percent of Total	0.6%	0.6%	0.5%	1.5%	0.4%

Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 4.4
Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses
by Age of Offender and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS		172	174	222	197	264
10-17 Years	Number	22	23	25	20	24
	Population	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Rate per 100,000	627.1	659.8	723.0	587.2	701.1
	Percent of Total	12.8%	13.2%	11.3%	10.2%	9.1%
18-24 Years	Number	49	43	73	57	91
	Population	2,266	2,516	2,804	3,090	3,416
	Rate per 100,000	2162.4	1709.1	2603.4	1844.7	2663.9
	Percent of Total	28.5%	24.7%	32.9%	28.9%	34.5%
25-34 Years	Number	32	47	43	41	59
	Population	3,951	3,876	3,856	3,834	3,913
	Rate per 100,000	809.9	1212.6	1115.1	1069.4	1507.8
	Percent of Total	18.6%	27.0%	19.4%	20.8%	22.3%
35-44 Years	Number	47	41	53	57	49
	Population	4,871	4,752	4,652	4,558	4,528
	Rate per 100,000	964.9	862.8	1139.3	1250.5	1082.2
	Percent of Total	27.3%	23.6%	23.9%	28.9%	18.6%
45-54 Years	Number	19	18	22	18	31
	Population	3,821	3,964	4,049	4,164	4,315
	Rate per 100,000	497.3	454.1	543.3	432.3	718.4
	Percent of Total	11.0%	10.3%	9.9%	9.1%	11.7%
55-64 Years	Number	3	2	6	2	8
	Population	2,413	2,514	2,672	2,796	2,936
	Rate per 100,000	124.3	79.6	224.6	71.5	272.5
	Percent of Total	1.7%	1.1%	2.7%	1.0%	3.0%
65+ Years	Number	0	0	0	2	2
	Population	3,466	3,435	3,477	3,519	3,578
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	56.8	55.9
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	0.8%

Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime (Continued)

Figure 4.2
Del Norte County
Drug Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
for Drug Offenses

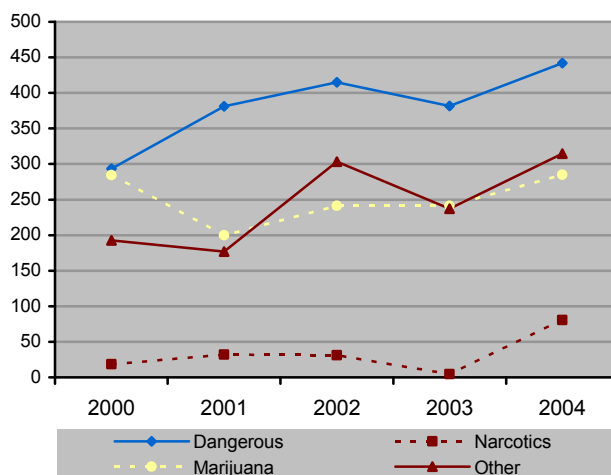


Figure 4.3
Del Norte County
Drug Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Age
Group

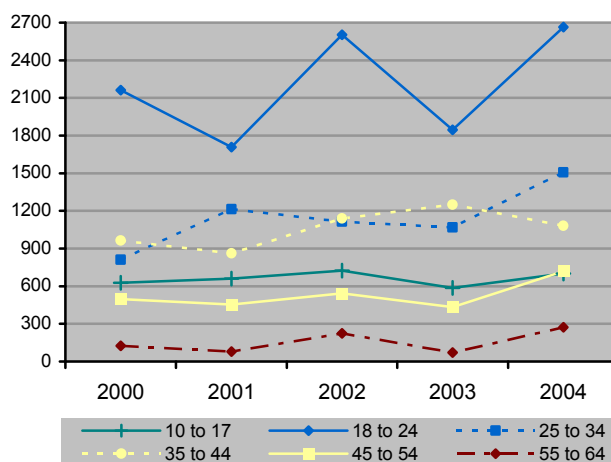
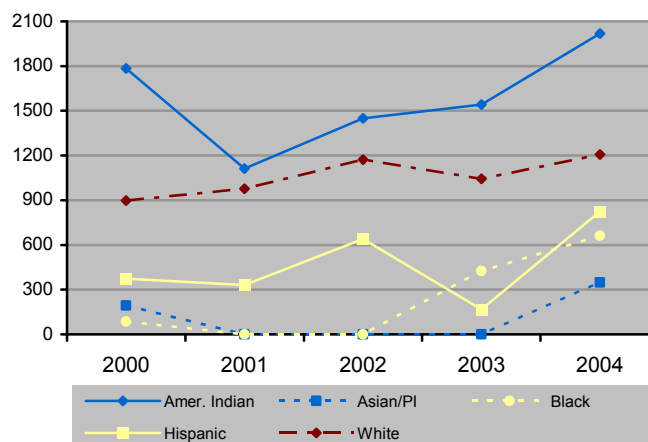


Figure 4.4
Del Norte County
Drug Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Race/
Ethnicity



Indicator 4: Arrests for Drug-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 4.5

Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Drug Offenses by Gender and Race among Underage Offenders and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL DRUG ARRESTS UNDER 18 YEARS		22	23	25	20	24
Male	Number	15	15	21	15	18
	Population 10-17	1,832	1,816	1,787	1,760	1,752
	Rate per 100,000	818.8	826.0	1175.2	852.3	1027.4
	Percent of Total	68.2%	65.2%	84.0%	75.0%	75.0%
Female	Number	7	8	4	5	6
	Population 10-17	1,676	1,670	1,671	1,646	1,671
	Rate per 100,000	417.7	479.0	239.4	303.8	359.1
	Percent of Total	31.8%	34.8%	16.0%	25.0%	25.0%
American Indian	Number	3	2	2	2	2
	Population 10-17	291	285	310	309	313
	Rate per 100,000	1030.9	701.8	645.2	647.2	639.0
	Percent of Total	13.6%	8.7%	8.0%	10.0%	8.3%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	164	165	164	160	160
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Black	Number	0	0	0	1	0
	Population 10-17	11	11	12	16	35
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	6250.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	1	1	1	1	1
	Population 10-17	449	457	459	464	483
	Rate per 100,000	222.7	218.8	217.9	215.5	207.0
	Percent of Total	4.5%	4.3%	4.0%	5.0%	4.2%
White	Number	18	19	22	14	21
	Population 10-17	2,419	2,396	2,351	2,310	2,298
	Rate per 100,000	744.1	793.0	935.8	606.1	913.8
	Percent of Total	81.8%	82.6%	88.0%	70.0%	87.5%
Other	Number	0	1	0	2	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	4.3%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%

Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime

The number of felony and misdemeanor arrests for alcohol-related crimes, including felony and misdemeanor driving under-the-influence, public drunkenness, and liquor law violations and rate per 100,000 population 10 to 69 years.

Table/Figure 5.1

Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Alcohol Offenses and Rate per 100,000 Population 10 to 69 Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of Alcohol Arrests	807	706	771	728	884
Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
Rate per 100,000	3702.2	3203.4	3441.2	3194.5	3756.9
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	1238.2	1166.6	1124.7	1127.8	1087.4

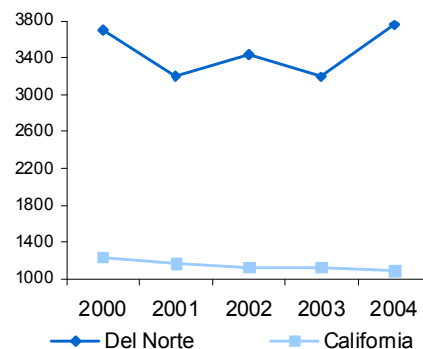


Table 5.2

Number of Felony and Misdemeanor Arrests for Alcohol Offenses by Specific Offense and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRESTS		807	706	771	728	884
Driving-Under-the-Influence	Number	334	292	375	329	381
	Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
	Rate per 100,000	1532.3	1324.9	1673.7	1443.7	1619.2
	Percent of Total	41.4%	41.4%	48.6%	45.2%	43.1%
Drunk	Number	457	405	391	397	495
	Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
	Rate per 100,000	2096.5	1837.7	1745.1	1742.1	2103.7
	Percent of Total	56.6%	57.4%	50.7%	54.5%	56.0%
Liquor Law Violations	Number	16	9	5	2	8
	Population 10-69	21,798	22,039	22,405	22,789	23,530
	Rate per 100,000	73.4	40.8	22.3	8.8	34.0
	Percent of Total	2.0%	1.3%	0.6%	0.3%	0.9%

Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 5.3

Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses
by Race/Ethnicity of Offender and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-69 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRESTS		807	706	771	728	884
American Indian	Number	106	90	100	107	125
	Population	1,233	1,259	1,311	1,362	1,487
	Rate per 100,000	8596.9	7148.5	7627.8	7856.1	8406.2
	Percent of Total	13.1%	12.7%	13.0%	14.7%	14.1%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	1	2	6	0
	Population	515	526	544	560	576
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	190.1	367.6	1071.4	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.8%	0.0%
Black	Number	8	9	3	6	5
	Population	1,170	1,171	1,174	1,179	1,210
	Rate per 100,000	683.8	768.6	255.5	508.9	413.2
	Percent of Total	1.0%	1.3%	0.4%	0.8%	0.6%
Hispanic	Number	61	43	47	33	33
	Population	3,220	3,322	3,440	3,568	3,761
	Rate per 100,000	1894.4	1294.4	1366.3	924.9	877.4
	Percent of Total	7.6%	6.1%	6.1%	4.5%	3.7%
White	Number	626	549	597	566	698
	Population	15,045	15,156	15,340	15,535	15,905
	Rate per 100,000	4160.9	3622.3	3891.8	3643.4	4388.6
	Percent of Total	77.6%	77.8%	77.4%	77.7%	79.0%
Other	Number	6	14	22	10	23
	Percent of Total	0.7%	2.0%	2.9%	1.4%	2.6%

Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 5.4
Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses
by Age of Offender and Age-Specific Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRESTS		807	706	771	728	884
10-17 Years	Number	22	19	15	11	49
	Population	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406	3,423
	Rate per 100,000	627.1	545.0	433.8	323.0	1431.5
	Percent of Total	2.7%	2.7%	1.9%	1.5%	5.5%
18-24 Years	Number	178	112	120	107	135
	Population	2,266	2,516	2,804	3,090	3,416
	Rate per 100,000	7855.3	4451.5	4279.6	3462.8	3952.0
	Percent of Total	22.1%	15.9%	15.6%	14.7%	15.3%
25-34 Years	Number	141	130	153	148	155
	Population	3,951	3,876	3,856	3,834	3,913
	Rate per 100,000	3568.7	3354.0	3967.8	3860.2	3961.2
	Percent of Total	17.5%	18.4%	19.8%	20.3%	17.5%
35-44 Years	Number	288	241	248	218	272
	Population	4,871	4,752	4,652	4,558	4,528
	Rate per 100,000	5912.5	5071.5	5331.0	4782.8	6007.1
	Percent of Total	35.7%	34.1%	32.2%	29.9%	30.8%
45-54 Years	Number	129	151	164	165	212
	Population	3,821	3,964	4,049	4,164	4,315
	Rate per 100,000	3376.1	3809.3	4050.4	3962.5	4913.1
	Percent of Total	16.0%	21.4%	21.3%	22.7%	24.0%
55-64 Years	Number	37	31	54	63	40
	Population	2,413	2,514	2,672	2,796	2,936
	Rate per 100,000	1533.4	1233.1	2021.0	2253.2	1362.4
	Percent of Total	4.6%	4.4%	7.0%	8.7%	4.5%
65+ Years	Number	12	21	17	16	21
	Population	3,466	3,435	3,477	3,519	3,578
	Rate per 100,000	346.2	611.4	488.9	454.7	586.9
	Percent of Total	1.5%	3.0%	2.2%	2.2%	2.4%

Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime (Continued)

Figure 5.2
Del Norte County
Alcohol Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
for Alcohol
Offenses

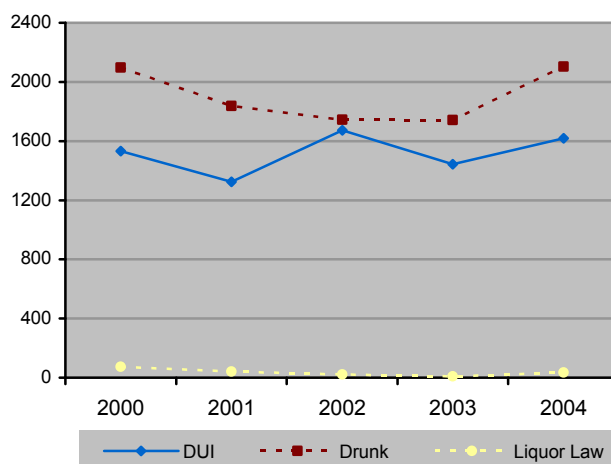


Figure 5.3
Del Norte County
Alcohol Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Age
Group

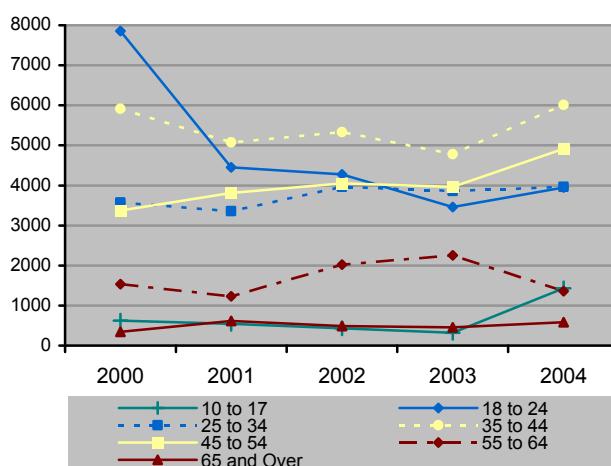
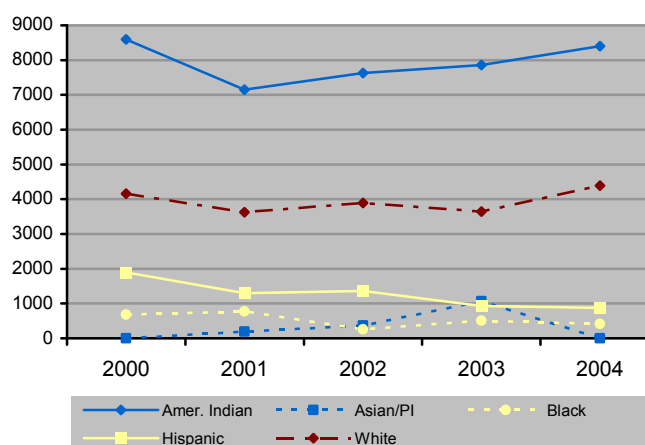


Figure 5.4
Del Norte County
Alcohol Arrest Rate
per 100,000
Population 10-69
by Client Race/
Ethnicity



Indicator 5: Arrests for Alcohol-Related Crime (Continued)

Table 5.5

Number of Arrests for Felony and Misdemeanor Alcohol Offenses by Gender and Race among Underage Offenders and Rate per 100,000 Population 10-17 Years

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALL ALCOHOL ARRESTS UNDER 18 YEARS		22	20	15	11	49
Male	Number	16	14	13	7	32
	Population 10-17	1,832	1,816	1,787	1,760	1,752
	Rate per 100,000	873.4	770.9	727.5	397.7	1826.5
	Percent of Total	72.7%	70.0%	86.7%	63.6%	65.3%
Female	Number	6	6	2	4	17
	Population 10-17	1,676	1,670	1,671	1,646	1,671
	Rate per 100,000	358.0	359.3	119.7	243.0	1017.4
	Percent of Total	27.3%	30.0%	13.3%	36.4%	34.7%
American Indian	Number	1	3	1	1	10
	Population 10-17	291	285	310	309	313
	Rate per 100,000	343.6	1052.6	322.6	323.6	3194.9
	Percent of Total	4.5%	15.0%	6.7%	9.1%	20.4%
Asian/Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	164	165	164	160	160
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Black	Number	2	0	0	0	0
	Population 10-17	11	11	12	16	35
	Rate per 100,000	18181.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total	9.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	3	2	4	0	2
	Population 10-17	449	457	459	464	483
	Rate per 100,000	668.2	437.6	871.5	0.0	414.1
	Percent of Total	13.6%	10.0%	26.7%	0.0%	4.1%
White	Number	16	15	9	10	37
	Population 10-17	2,419	2,396	2,351	2,310	2,298
	Rate per 100,000	661.4	626.0	382.8	432.9	1610.1
	Percent of Total	72.7%	75.0%	60.0%	90.9%	75.5%
Other	Number	0	0	1	0	0
	Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	6.7%	0.0%	0.0%

Drinking and Driving

Key Findings

- There were three fatalities in alcohol-involved motor vehicle accidents in 2003, an increase from two in 2000, but a decrease from five in 2002. The fatality rate in 2004 was 10.6 fatalities per 100,000 persons, significantly higher than the statewide average of 4.0 fatalities per 100,000 persons.
- The number of alcohol-involved collisions increased from 50 collisions in 2000 to 55 collisions in 2003. The number of persons injured in alcohol-involved collisions increased from 40 persons injured in 2000 to 62 persons injured in 2003. Alcohol-involved collisions accounted for 12.8 percent of all collisions in 2003.
- Males accounted for three-fourths of parties in alcohol-involved motor vehicle accidents in 2003.
- Young adults between 18 and 24 accounted for 23 percent of parties in alcohol-involved motor vehicle accidents in 2003 at a rate of 421 per 100,000 persons, the highest rate by age bracket.
- In 2003 there were seven underage parties in alcohol-involved accidents, an increase from four underage parties in 2000. Six of the seven parties were male.
- In 2003 roughly 19 percent of youth had ridden in a car with someone who had been drinking, slightly less than the statewide average of 20 percent.



Indicators 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents

The number of alcohol-involved motor vehicle accidents and number of persons injured or killed and rate of admission per 100,000 population

Table/Figure 6.1

Del Norte County Fatalities in Alcohol-Involved Accidents and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Fatalities	2	1	5	3
Total Population	27,680	27,768	28,085	28,393
Rate per 100,000	7.2	3.6	17.8	10.6
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.0
Healthy People 2010	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0

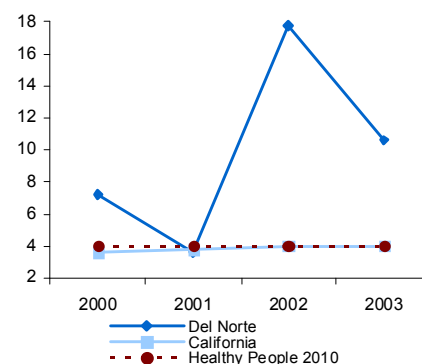


Table 6.2

Del Norte County Fatalities in Alcohol-Involved Accidents as a Percent of Total Collisions

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total Collisions (Del Norte)	412	420	388	429
Total Alcohol-Involved Collisions	50	54	53	55
Alcohol-Involved Collisions as a Percent of Total	12.1%	12.9%	13.7%	12.8%
Number of Persons Killed	2	1	5	3
Number of Persons Injured	40	58	36	62

Healthy People 2010
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

*Reduce the number of
traffic fatalities involving
alcohol to 4.0 per 100,000
by the year 2010*

Indicator 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents (Continued)

Table 6.3

Parties in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had Been Drinking by Party Gender and Race and Rate per 100,000 Population Ages 16 and Over

		2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL PARTIES WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING IN ALCOHOL-INVOLVED ACCIDENTS		50	56	54	56
Male	Number	33	42	40	42
	Population	12,234	12,395	12,622	12,857
	Rate per 100,000	269.7	338.8	316.9	326.7
	Percent of Total	66.0%	75.0%	74.1%	75.0%
Female	Number	16	14	12	13
	Population	9,480	9,615	9,821	10,020
	Rate per 100,000	168.8	145.6	122.2	129.7
	Percent of Total	32.0%	25.0%	22.2%	23.2%
Other/Unknown	Number	1	0	2	1
	Percent of Total	2.0%	0.0%	3.7%	1.8%
Black	Number	**	**	0	0
	Population	1,165	1,167	1,169	1,170
	Rate per 100,000			0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total			0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	**	**	2	3
	Population	2,950	3,050	3,169	3,292
	Rate per 100,000			63.1	91.1
	Percent of Total			3.7%	5.4%
White	Number	**	**	21	26
	Population	15,580	15,710	15,950	16,182
	Rate per 100,000			131.7	160.7
	Percent of Total			38.9%	46.4%
Other/Unknown	Number	**	**	31	27
	Percent of Total			57.4%	48.2%

Indicator 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents (Continued)

Table 6.4

Parties in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had Been Drinking by Age and Rate per 100,000 Population

		2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL PARTIES WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING		50	56	54	56
10-17 Years	Number	0	1	3	2
	Population	3,508	3,486	3,458	3,406
	Rate per 100,000	0.0	28.7	86.8	58.7
	Percent of Total	0.0%	1.8%	5.6%	3.6%
18-24 Years	Number	15	13	14	13
	Population	2,266	2,516	2,804	3,090
	Rate per 100,000	662.0	516.7	499.3	420.7
	Percent of Total	30.0%	23.2%	25.9%	23.2%
25-34 Years	Number	10	12	14	11
	Population	3,951	3,876	3,856	3,834
	Rate per 100,000	253.1	309.6	363.1	286.9
	Percent of Total	20.0%	21.4%	25.9%	19.6%
35-44 Years	Number	14	14	9	12
	Population	4,871	4,752	4,652	4,558
	Rate per 100,000	287.4	294.6	193.5	263.3
	Percent of Total	28.0%	25.0%	16.7%	21.4%
45-54 Years	Number	4	6	9	12
	Population	3,821	3,964	4,049	4,164
	Rate per 100,000	104.7	151.4	222.3	288.2
	Percent of Total	8.0%	10.7%	16.7%	21.4%
55-64 Years	Number	2	6	2	1
	Population	2,413	2,514	2,672	2,796
	Rate per 100,000	82.9	238.7	74.9	35.8
	Percent of Total	4.0%	10.7%	3.7%	1.8%
65+ Years	Number	3	4	0	4
	Population	3,466	3,435	3,477	3,519
	Rate per 100,000	86.6	116.4	0.0	113.7
	Percent of Total	6.0%	7.1%	0.0%	7.1%
Other/Unknown	Number	2	0	3	1
	Percent of Total	4.0%	0.0%	5.6%	1.8%

Indicator 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents (Continued)

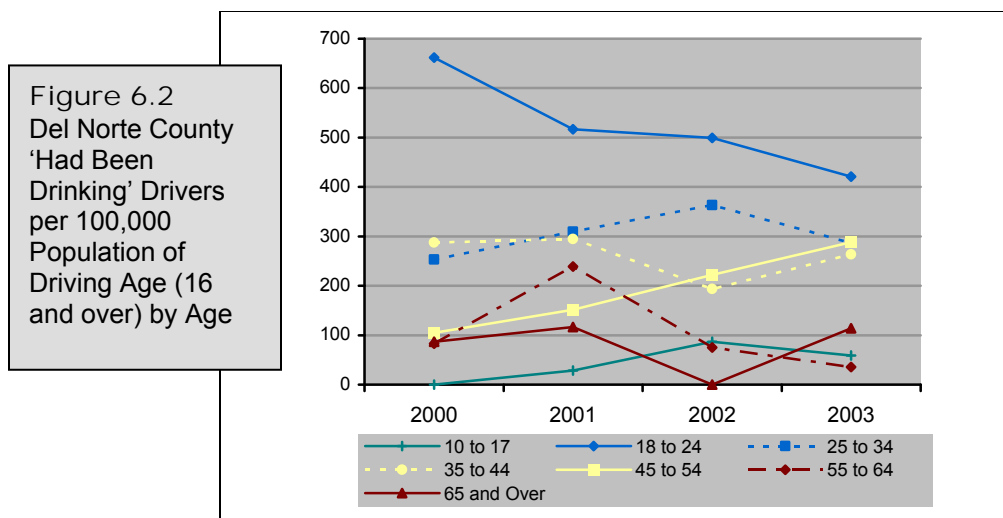


Table 6.5
Underage Parties (<21 Years) in Alcohol-Involved Accidents Who Had been Drinking by Party Gender and Race and Rate per 100,000 Population Ages 16 – 20

		2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL PARTIES WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING IN ALCOHOL-INVOLVED ACCIDENTS		4	3	8	7
Male	Number	3	3	7	6
	Population	1,064	1,193	1,307	1,385
	Rate per 100,000	282.0	251.5	535.6	433.2
	Percent of Total	75.0%	100.0%	87.5%	85.7%
Female	Number	1	0	1	1
	Population	895	988	1,071	1,102
	Rate per 100,000	111.7	0.0	93.4	90.7
	Percent of Total	25.0%	0.0%	12.5%	14.3%
Black	Number	**	**	0	0
	Population	39	41	42	41
	Rate per 100,000			0.0	0.0
	Percent of Total			0.0%	0.0%
Hispanic	Number	**	**	1	1
	Population	310	338	359	372
	Rate per 100,000			278.6	268.8
	Percent of Total			12.5%	14.3%
White	Number	**	**	3	1
	Population	1,314	1,473	1,615	1,688
	Rate per 100,000			185.8	59.2
	Percent of Total			37.5%	14.3%
Other/Unknown	Number	**	**	4	5
	Percent of Total			50.0%	71.4%

Indicator 6: Alcohol-Involved Motor Vehicle Accidents (Continued)

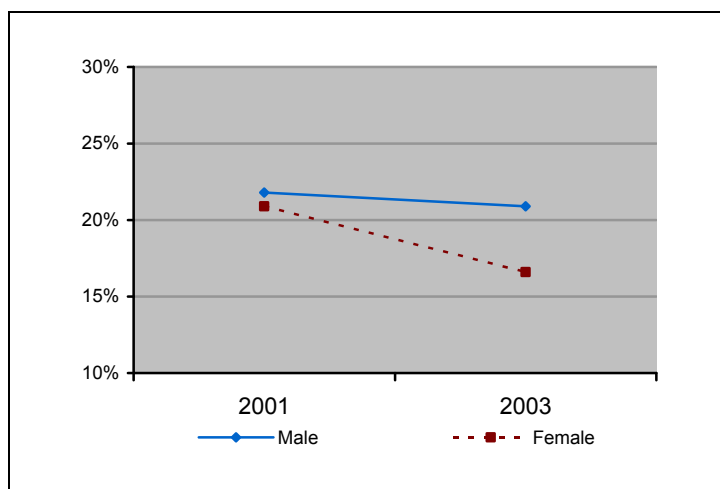
Table 6.6

Youth Who Have Ridden in a Car with Someone Who Had Been Drinking Percent of Youth Population in Humboldt and Del Norte Counties by Gender with Comparison to State Rates

	2001			2003		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Estimated Number	3,000	2,000	1,000	2,000	1,000	1,000
Estimated Population	13,000	7,000	6,000	12,000	7,000	5,000
Percent of Total	21.4%	21.8%	20.9%	19.0%	20.9%	16.6%
CALIFORNIA Estimated Percent of Total	18.7%	19.0%	18.5%	20.0%	19.0%	21.0%

Figure 6.3

Percent of Youth Who Have Ridden in a Car in Humboldt and Del Norte Counties with Someone Who Had Been Drinking



Healthy People 2010
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

*Reduce the number of high
school students who have
ridden in a car with someone
who had been drinking to
30% by the year 2010*

Alcohol and Drug-Related Morbidity

Key Findings

- The number of hospital admissions due to alcohol and drug use increased from 22 admissions in 2000 to 60 admissions in 2003. The hospitalization rate in 2003 was 211 admissions per 100,000 persons, significantly higher than the statewide average of 90 admissions per 100,000 persons.
- The number of admissions due to alcohol-related causes increased from two admissions in 2000 to 22 admissions in 2003. The hospitalization rate in 2003 was 78 admissions per 100,000 persons, higher than the statewide average of 45 admissions per 100,000 persons.
- The number of admissions due to drug-related causes increased from 20 admissions in 2000 to 38 admissions in 2003. The hospitalization rate in 2003 was 134 admissions per 100,000 persons, significantly higher than the statewide average of 45 admissions per 100,000 persons.
- Of the 22 alcohol-related admissions in 2003, 82 percent were for alcohol psychosis, and 18 percent were for alcohol gastritis. Of the 38 drug-related admissions in 2003, 92 percent were for drug poisonings.



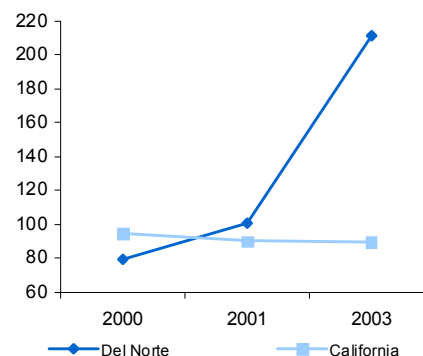
Indicator 7: Hospitalizations Due to Alcohol and Drug Use

The number of hospital admissions due to alcohol and drug-related causes and rate per 100,000 population.

Table/Figure 7.1

Number of Hospital Admissions Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes (Combined) and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

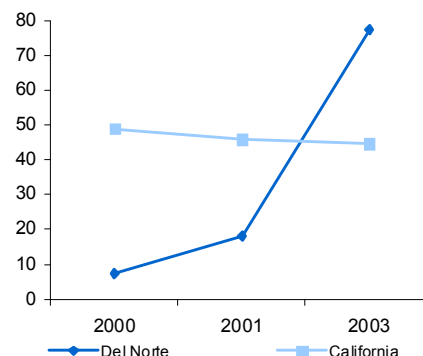
	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	22	28	**	60
Total Population	27,680	27,768	28,085	28,393
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	79.5	100.8	**	211.3
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	94.8	90.1	**	89.7



Table/Figure 7.2

Number of Hospital Admissions Due to *Alcohol*-Related Causes and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

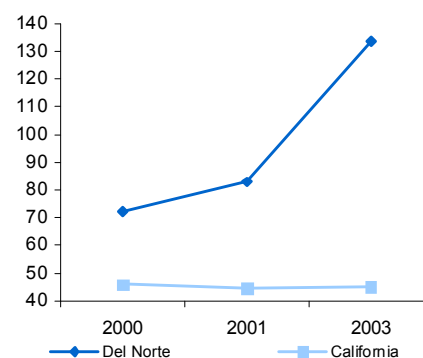
	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	2	5	**	22
Total Population	27,680	27,768	28,085	28,393
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	7.2	18.0	**	77.5
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	48.9	45.7	**	44.6



Table/Figure 7.3

Number of Hospital Admissions Due to *Drug-Related* Causes and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Admissions	20	23	**	38
Total Population	27,680	27,768	28,085	28,393
Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	72.3	82.8	**	133.8
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	45.9	44.4	**	45.1



Indicator 7: Hospitalizations Due to Alcohol and Drug Use (Continued)

Table 7.4
Number of Hospital Admissions Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Specific Cause

	2000		2001		2002		2003	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
TOTAL ALCOHOL-RELATED HOSPITALIZATIONS	2	100.0	5	100.0	**	**	22	100.0
Alcohol Psychosis	0	0.0	3	60.0	**	**	18	81.8
Alcohol Abuse	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcohol Dependence Syndrome	1	50.0	1	20.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcohol Gastritis	1	50.0	1	20.0	**	**	4	18.2
Alcoholic Liver Disease	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Fetal Alcohol Syndrome	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Alcohol Poisoning	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Excessive Blood Level of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
TOTAL DRUG-RELATED HOSPITALIZATIONS	20	100.0	23	100.0	**	**	38	100.0
Drug Psychosis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Dependence								
Barbituates	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cannabis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Hallucinogen	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Inhalant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Morphine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Stimulant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Combination	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Unspecified	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Maternal Drug Dependence	4	20.0	0	0.0	**	**	1	2.6
Abuse								
Amphetamine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	1	2.6
Antidepressant	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cannabis	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Hallucinogen	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Morphine	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Sedative	0	0.0	1	4.3	**	**	0	0.0
Other, Mixed or Unspecified	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	1	2.6
Drug Poisonings	16	80.0	22	95.7	**	**	35	92.1
Drug Exposure in Newborns	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Fetal Damage due to Maternal Drug Use	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0
Drug Polyneuropathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	**	**	0	0.0

** OSHPD admissions data not available for 2002.

Alcohol and Drug-Related Mortality

Key Findings

- In 2003 there were 11 deaths due to alcohol and drug use, the same number of deaths as in 2000. The death rate in 2003 was 37.5 deaths per 100,000 persons, higher than the statewide average of 20.9 deaths per 100,000 persons.
- The number of deaths due to cirrhosis of the liver decreased from four deaths in 2000 to one death in 2003. The death rate due to cirrhosis of the liver was 3.1 deaths per 100,000 persons, slightly lower than the Healthy People 2010 goal of 3.2 deaths per 100,000 persons.
- The number of drug-induced deaths decreased from six deaths in 2000 to three deaths in 2003. The death rate in 2003 was 10.3 deaths per 100,000 persons, significantly higher than the Healthy People 2010 goal of 1.2 deaths per 100,000 persons.
- Of the 11 deaths due to alcohol and drug use in 2003, four were for alcohol abuse, and two were for accidental drug poisoning.
- Males accounted for 64 percent of deaths due to alcohol and drug use in 2003.
- Roughly 55 percent of deaths due to alcohol and drug use in 2003 were for individuals between 35 and 44 years, and 27 percent of deaths were for individuals between 55 and 64 years.
- Whites accounted for 73 percent of deaths due to alcohol and drug use in 2003, American Indians for 18 percent of deaths, and Hispanics for nine percent of deaths due to alcohol and drug use.



Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use

The number of deaths due to alcohol and drug-related causes and age adjusted death rate per 100,000 population.

Table/Figure 8.1

Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes and Age-Adjusted Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Statewide Rates

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	11	20	14	11
Total Population	27,680	27,768	28,085	28,393
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	38.6	68.9	47.4	37.5
CALIFORNIA Rate per 100,000	19.0	19.2	20.1	20.9

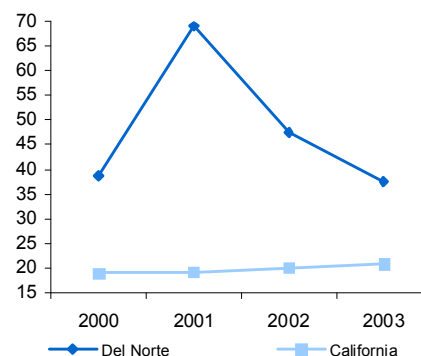


Table 8.2

Number of Deaths Due to Cirrhosis of the Liver and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Healthy People 2010 Objective

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	4	4	4	1
Total Population	27,680	27,768	28,085	28,393
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	14.0	13.8	13.4	3.1
Healthy People 2010	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2

Healthy People 2010
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

Objectives 26-2
*Reduce the rate of
cirrhosis deaths
to 3.2 per 100,000
by the year 2010.*

...

Objectives 26-3
*Reduce the rate of
drug-induced deaths
to 1.2 per 100,000
population
by the year 2010*

Table 8.3

Number of Drug-Induced Deaths and Rate per 100,000 with Comparison to Healthy People 2010 Objective

	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of Deaths	6	14	10	3
Total Population	27,680	27,768	28,085	28,393
Age Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000	21.0	48.0	34.0	10.3
Healthy People 2010	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2

Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use (Continued)

Table 8.4
Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Specific Cause

		2000		2001		2002		2003	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
TOTAL ALCOHOL AND DRUG-RELATED DEATHS		11	100.0	20	100.0	14	100.0	11	100.0
Deaths Due to Alcohol Use	Alcohol Psychosis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	9.1
	Alcohol Abuse	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	36.4
	Alcohol Dependence Syndrome	1	9.1	1	5.0	0	0.0	1	9.1
	Alcoholic Polyneuropathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Degeneration of the Nervous System	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Myopathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Cardiomyopathy	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Gastritis	0	0.0	1	5.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcoholic Liver Disease	4	36.4	4	20.0	4	28.6	1	9.1
	Fetal Alcohol Syndrome	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Fetus and Newborn Affect by Maternal Use of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcohol Poisoning	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	9.1
	Intentional Self-Poisoning (Alcohol)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Excessive Blood Level of Alcohol	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Alcohol-Induced Pancreatitis	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Deaths Due to Drug Use	Accidental Drug Poisoning	4	36.4	12	60.0	5	35.7	2	18.2
	Intentional Self-Poisoning (Drug)	1	9.1	2	10.0	3	21.4	1	9.1
	Intentional Poisoning (Assault)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Other Drug Poisonings	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Fetus and Newborn Affect by Maternal Use of Drugs	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Mental and Behavioral Disorders due to Use of...								
	... Opioids	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Cannabinoids	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Sedatives or Hypnotics	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Cocaine	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Stimulants	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Hallucinogens	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Solvents	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	... Psychoactive Substances	1	9.1	0	0.0	2	14.3	0	0.0

Indicator 8: Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug Use **(Continued)**

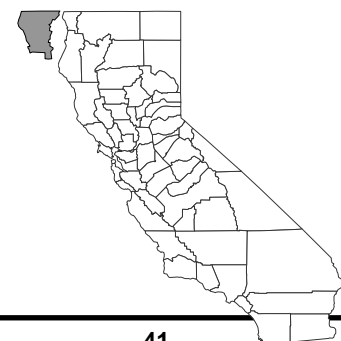
Table 8.5

Number of Deaths Due to Alcohol and Drug-Related Causes by Population Demographics of Decedents with Percent of Total Deaths

			2000	2001	2002	2003
TOTAL ALCOHOL AND DRUG DEATHS			11	20	14	11
Gender	Male	Number	7	12	9	7
		Percent of Total	63.6%	60.0%	64.3%	63.6%
	Female	Number	4	8	5	4
		Percent of Total	36.4%	40.0%	35.7%	36.4%
Age at Time of Death	10-17 Years	Number	0	0	1	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%	0.0%
	18-24 Years	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	25-34 Years	Number	0	1	2	1
		Percent of Total	0.0%	5.0%	14.3%	9.1%
	35-44 Years	Number	3	7	1	6
		Percent of Total	27.3%	35.0%	7.1%	54.5%
	45-54 Years	Number	4	7	4	1
		Percent of Total	36.4%	35.0%	28.6%	9.1%
	55-64 Years	Number	4	3	4	3
		Percent of Total	36.4%	15.0%	28.6%	27.3%
	65+ Years	Number	0	2	2	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	10.0%	14.3%	0.0%
Race	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Number	1	1	0	2
		Percent of Total	9.1%	5.0%	0.0%	18.2%
	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Black	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Hispanic	Number	0	0	1	1
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%	9.1%
	White	Number	10	19	13	8
		Percent of Total	90.9%	95.0%	92.9%	72.7%
	Other/ Unknown	Number	0	0	0	0
		Percent of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Sources

Indicator	Agency	Print and Electronic Data Sources
Prevalence of Alcohol Use	UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, California Department of Health Services, Public Health Institute	California Health Interview Survey (CHIS)
Admissions to Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment	California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs	California Alcohol and Drug Data System (CADDSS) Admissions Data
Alcohol and Drug-Related Crime	California Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, Criminal Justice Statistics Center	California Arrest Data 2000-2004
Drinking and Driving	California Highway Patrol (CHP)	Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) 2000-2004
Alcohol and Drug-Related Hospitalizations	Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD)	California Hospital Discharge Data Set, 2000, 2001, 2003
Alcohol and Drug-Related Mortality	California Department of Health Services, Vital Statistics Section	Death Statistical Masterfile 2000-2003 California Health Status Profiles 2006





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